WAH Waroonee Hill Land System

Area:	17 km ²				
Landscape:	The Waroonee Range occupies the entire land system, which is north-west of Yunta. The range varies from very steep hills to undulating rises formed mostly on quartzite. It is non-arable.				
Annual rainfall:	225 - 250 mm average				
Geology:	Proterozoic sandstones, quartzites and siltstones of the Pound Subgroup.				
Main soils:	L1a RR C2	Shallow stony sandy loam Rock outcrop Gradational sandy loam on rock			
Minor soils:	A2 A4 D1 L1b	Shallow calcareous loam to sandy loam Deep (rubbly) calcareous sandy loam Loam over clay on rock Shallow stony loam			
Summary:	The Waroonee Hill Land System is an elongate, cigar-shaped range of steep hills, based on Pound Quartzite, with shallow rocky soils and rock outcrops.				

Soil Landscape Unit summary: 7 Soil Landscape Units (SLUs) mapped in the Waroonee Hill Land System:

SLU	% of area	Component	Main soils	Prop#	Notes
ADB	6.8	Rolling rises	L1RR D1	D	Non-arable rolling rocky rises formed on limestones and calc- siltstones such as Wonoka Formation rocks with very shallow loamy textured, rocky soils and rock outcrop. Relief: 9-30m, slopes: 10-30%. Main soils: <u>shallow stony loam</u> - L1b , <u>rock outcrop</u> - RR and <u>loam over</u> (<u>pedaric</u>) clay on rock - D1 , with <u>shallow calcareous loam</u> - A2 and <u>gradational loam on rock</u> - C2 .
AQB	27.1	Rolling rises	L1RR C2	D	Rises formed on quartzite with shallow rocky soils. AQB Rolling rises. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 10-30%. Limited grazing land use. AQC Rolling low hills. Relief is greater than 30m, slopes are 10-30%. AQD Steep low hills with extensive rock outcrop. Relief is 30-90m, slopes are 30-60%. Limited grazing use. AQE Steep hills with mostly rock outcrop or very shallow loam. Relief is greater than 90m, slopes are 30-60%. AQF Very steep hills. Relief is 90-300m, slopes are 60-100%. Main soils: <u>shallow stony sandy loam</u> - L1a and <u>rock outcrop</u> - RR, with gradational sandy loam on rock - C2 and <u>shallow calcareous loam</u> - A2.
AQC	10.5	Rolling hills	L1RR C2	D	
AQD	11.7	Steep low hills	L1RR C2	D	
AQE	22.3	Steep hills	L1RR C2	D	
AQF	10.1	Very steep hills	L1RR	D	
AWB	11.6	Undulating rises	L1RR A2	D	Undulating rises with shallow rocky soils formed on quartzites with more than 50% interbedded calcareous rocks. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 3-10%. Main soils: <u>shallow stony sandy loam</u> - L1a , <u>shallow calcareous loam</u> - A2 and <u>rock outcrop</u> - RR , with <u>deep (rubbly) calcareous sandy loam</u> .



PROPORTION codes assigned to Soil Landscape Unit (SLU) components:

- D Dominant in extent (>90% of SLU)
- V Very extensive in extent (60–90% of SLU)
- E Extensive in extent (30–60% of SLU)

- C Common in extent (20–30% of SLU)
- L Limited in extent (10–20% of SLU)
- M Minor in extent (<10% of SLU)

Detailed soil profile descriptions:

- A2 <u>Shallow calcareous loam to sandy loam (Paralithic, Hypercalcic / Lithocalcic Calcarosol)</u> Calcareous stony loam to sandy loam grading to soft or rubbly carbonate over weathering dolomite or calc-siltstone within 50 cm.
- A4 Deep (rubbly) calcareous sandy loam (Regolithic, Hypercalcic / Lithocalcic Calcarosol) Calcareous sandy loam grading to a very highly calcareous sandy clay loam to light clay with variable rubble, continuing below 120 cm.
- C2 <u>Gradational sandy loam on rock (Calcic / Hypercalcic Red Dermosol)</u> Sandy loam to loam grading to a friable red clay with soft Class I carbonate within 50 cm, grading to weathering rock within 100 cm.
- D1 Loam over clay on rock (Hypercalcic / Calcic, Red Chromosol / Sodosol) Medium thickness hard gravelly loam over red clay, friable and finely structured, calcareous with depth, grading to weathering basement rock within 100 cm.
- L1a <u>Shallow stony sandy loam on quartzite (Paralithic, Leptic Tenosol)</u> Shallow stony sandy loam, often calcareous with depth, overlying quartzite shallower than 50 cm.
- L1b Shallow stony loam on fine grained rock (Paralithic, Leptic Tenosol) Shallow stony loam, often calcareous with depth, overlying weathering fine grained rock shallower than 50 cm.
- RR <u>Rock outcrop</u>

Further information: DEWNR Soil and Land Program





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