## PAO Parnaroo Land System

Area:	217.6 km <sup>2</sup>							
Landscape:	Rocky range east of Oodlawirra and adjacent to the Porcupine Range. The ranges trend northeast to south-west with valleys and pediments draining east into Pine creek and west towards Hutton Lagoon. Named after Parnaroo property. Soils are very shallow and stony, mostly non-calcareous loams over rock. This land system is non-arable, due to both the shallowness of the soils and the difficulty in traversing the rocky terrain.							
Annual rainfall:	255 – 325 mm average							
Geology:	The land system is underlain by Proterozoic rocks of the Adelaide Geosyncline, particularly Ulupa Siltstone, Ketchowla Siltstone and Pepuarta Tillite where the land is hilly and more strongly undulating. The gentler landscapes are underlain mostly by Enorama Shale, Tarcowie Siltstone and Tapley Hill Formation siltstones. Relatively young outwash sediments infill valley floors particularly in the northern part where broad alluvial plains are common.							
Soils:	Shallow stony loamy soils, often calcareous, dominate the rising ground, in association with outcropping rock. Deeper loamy to clay loamy soils on locally derived outwash occur on lower slopes, pediments and flats. These are also commonly calcareous.							
	Main soilsOn rockL1aShallow stony loamL1bShallow stony loamy sand to sandy loamRRRock outcropA2Shallow calcareous loam to sandy loamOn outw=A5Rubbly calcareous sandy loam to clay loam on clayC1Gradational sandy loamMinor soilsOn rockB2Shallow calcareous loam to sandy loam on calcreteC2Gradational loam on rockD1Loam over clay on rockD1Seep moderately calcareous loam to sandy loamA6Gradational calcareous clay loamA1Gradational calcareous clay loamA6Gradational calcareous clay loamA7Gradational calcareous clay loamA8Deep moderately calcareous loam to sandy loamA9Gradational calcareous clay loamA1Gradational calcareous clay loamA1Gradational calcareous clay loamA1Gradational clay loamA1Gradational clay loamA1Gradational clay loam							
Summary:	This land system is non-arable, due to both the shallowness of the soils and the difficulty in traversing the rocky terrain.							





PAO

## Soil Landscape Unit summary: 47 Soil Landscape Units (SLUs) mapped in the Parnaroo Land System:

SLU	% of area	Component	Main soils	Prop#	Notes
AAA	0.1	Undulating rises	L1RRA2	D	Hills and rises with shallow rocky calcareous soils formed on fine grained rocks. Rock outcrops are common.
AAB	0.7	Rolling rises	L1RRA2	D	AAA Undulating rises. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 3-10%.
AAC	20.0	Rolling low	L1RRA2	D	${f AAB}$ Rolling rises. Relief is 9-30m, slopes are 10-30%.
		hills			AAC Rolling low hills. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 10-30%.
AAD	2.0	Steep low hills	L1RRA2	D	AAD Steep low hills. Relief is 30-90m, slopes are 30-50%.
					Main soils: <u>shallow stony loam</u> - L1a, <u>rock outcrop</u> - RR and <u>shallow calcareous loam</u> - A2.
ABC	0.2	Rolling low hills	L1RR	D	Hills and rises with linear rocky quartzite outcrops and shallow rocky sandy soils with shallow loamy soils on interbedded fine grained rocks.
ABG	1.4	Undulating	L1RR	D	$\operatorname{ABC}$ Rolling low hills. Relief is 30-90m, slopes are 3-10%.
		rises			${f ABG}$ Undulating rises. 10-20% gullied and eroded watercourses.
ABJ	0.4	Steep low hills	L1RR	D	Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 3-10%.
					<b>ABJ</b> Steep low hill. 10-20% gullied and eroded watercourses.
					Relief Is 30-90m, slopes are 30-50%.
					(quartzites) with shallow calcareous loam - <b>A2</b> (finer grained
					rocks).
AEA	0.8	Gently	L1RR	D	Non arable rocky rises and low hills formed on mostly fine grained
		undulating			rocks, commonly calcreted.
		rises			$\mathbf{AEA}$ Gently undulating rises. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is < 30m.
AED	0.3	Steep rises	L1RR	D	<b>AED</b> Steep rises. 10-20% gullied and eroded watercourses.
AEH	0.7	Rolling rises	L1RR	D	Relief is 9-30m, slopes are 30-50%.
AEI	2.3	Rolling low	L1RR	D	<b>AEH</b> Rolling rises. 10-20% gullied and eroded watercourses.
		hills			Relief is 9-30m, slopes are 10-30%.
AEJ	5.1	Steep rises	L1RR	D	ALL Rolling low nills, moderately guilled (10-20% affected).
					AFI Steep rises with eroded watercourses (10-20% affected)
					Relief is 9-30m slopes are 30-50%
					Main soils: shallow stony loam - <b>L1a</b> and rock outcrop - <b>RR</b> , with
					shallow calcareous loam on calcrete - B2, loam over clay on rock -
					D1 and shallow calcareous loam - A2.
AHB	3.3	Rolling rises	L1RR	D	Rolling rises and low hills with very shallow loam over quartzite
AHC	1.1	Rolling low	L1RR	D	with fine grained interbeds.
		hills			AHB Rolling rises. Relief is 9-30m, slopes are 10-30%.
					AHC Rolling low nills. Relief is 30-90m, slopes are 3-10%.
ΔΤΔ	2.2	Conthi	110000	<b>_</b>	Main soils. <u>Snallow story loan</u> - Lia and <u>rock outcrop</u> - RR.
AIA	3.2	undulating	LIRKC2		Rises formed on fine grained rock. ATA Conthy undulating rises. Slopes are $1-3\%$ relief is $< 30m$
		rises			<b>AIB</b> Rolling rises. Relief is 9-30m slopes are 10-30%
AIB	3.4	Rolling rises	L1RRC2	D	Main soils: shallow stony loam - L1a, rock outcrop - RR and
		5			gradational loam on rock - C2.
ASA	0.5	Undulating	L1RR	D	Gently undulating rises formed on guartzite, which often
		rises			outcrops. Inter-beds are coarse grained. Slopes: 1-3%; relief <30m
					Main soils: shallow stony loamy sand - L1b and rock outcrop - RR.
AYA	0.3	Undulating rises	A2L1RR	D	Rises formed on calcareous siltstone or other fine grained rocks, with rock outcrop





AYB	5.0	Rolling rises	A2L1RR	D	AYA Undulating rises. Relief is < 30m, slopes are 3-10%.
					<b>AYB</b> Rolling rises. Relief is < 30m, slopes are 10-30%.
					Main soils: <u>shallow calcareous loam</u> - A2, <u>shallow stony loam</u> -
D-D	0.5	Castl	D1D4	<b>D</b>	<b>Lia</b> and <u>rock outcrop</u> - <b>Rk</b> .
DaB	0.5	Gently	D1D4	D	Gently sloping pediment plains formed on weathering rock or associated outwash. Slopes $1-3\%$ relief is $< 9m$
		pediments	C2		Main soils: clay loam over pedaric red clay - <b>D4</b> loam over
		F			(pedaric) red clay on rock - <b>D1</b> and gradational loam on rock - <b>C2</b> .
ERH	5.2	Undulating	A2L1RR	D	Undulating rises formed on calc-siltstones, with extensive
		rises			outcropping rock. Relief <30m, slopes 3-10%.
					Main soils: shallow calcareous loam - A2, shallow stony loam -
					L1a and <u>rock outcrop</u> - RR.
EVB	1.0	Gently und.	A2	V	Rises formed on calc-siltstones with 20-30% rocky outcrops and
		rises			calcareous loamy soils.
		Rocky outcrops	RR	С	<b>EVB</b> Gently sloping rises. Slopes 1-3%, relief is < 30m.
EVC	0.7	Undulating	A2	V	EVC Undulating rises. Relief is < 30m, slopes are 3-10%.
		rises			<b>EVD</b> Rolling rises. Reliet is <30m, slopes are 10-30%.
		Rocky outcrops	RR	C	EVE Ondulating rises. Moderately guilled. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 3-10%
EVD	1.3	Rolling rises	A2	V	Main soils:
		Rocky outcrops	RR	С	<b>Rises</b> : shallow calcareous loam - <b>A2</b> , with rubbly calcareous loam
EVH	2.6	Und. rises	A2	V	on clay - A5 and shallow calcareous loam on calcrete - B2.
		Rocky outcrops	RR	С	Rocky areas: rock outcrop - RR, with shallow stony loam - L1a.
EZB	0.4	Gently	A2A5	V	Rises formed on calc-sandstones with 20-30% rocky outcrops and
		undulating	B2		calcareous sandy loam soils.
		rises			<b>EZB</b> Gently undulating rises. Slopes 1-3%, relief < 30m.
FZC		Rocky outcrops	RR	C	EZC Undulating rises. Relief < 30m, slopes are 3-10%.
EZC	0.7	Undulating	A2A5	V	Main solis: Bise: shallow calcaroous sandy loam A2, rubbly calcaroous
		nses	B2	6	sandy loam on clay - A5, shallow calcareous sandy loam on
		Rocky outcrops	KK	C	<u>calcrete</u> - <b>B2</b> .
					Rocky outcrops: rock outcrop - RR, with shallow stony sandy
					loam - L1b and shallow calcareous sandy loam on calcrete - B2.
JLB	0.8	Pediments	D4	D	Gently sloping pediments formed on fine grained outwash. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					Main soils: loam over pedaric red clay - <b>D4</b> and deep moderately
					<u>calcareous loam</u> - A3.
JPoo	3.2	Creek flats	D4A5	D	Creek flats formed on clayey alluvium. Severely gullied and moderately scalded.
					Main soils: clay loam over pedaric red clay - D4 and rubbly
					calcareous clay loam on clay - A5, with gradational clay loam - C3.
JZB	1.8	Pediment	D4A5	V	Pediments formed on fine grained outwash with 20-30% rocky
				6	outcrops. IZP Conthuctoning padiments Stangs 1, 2% relief < 0m
1711		Rocky outcrops	RK	C	<b>JZB</b> Gently sloping pediments. Slopes 1-5%, relief < 5m.
JZH	2.0	Pediment	D4A5	V	10%, relief is less than 9m.
		Rocky outcrops	RR	C	Main soils:
					Pediments: clay loam over pedaric red clay - D4 and rubbly
					calcareous clay loam on clay - A5, with deep moderately
					<u>calcareous loam</u> - A3.
					Rocky rises: rock outcrop - RR with shallow stony loam -L1a.
KLA	0.7	Plains	A5	D	Plains formed on fine grained outwash, weathering rock or
			1	1	calcrete. Slopes are less than 1%.





					Main soils: <u>rubbly calcareous loam on clay</u> - <b>A5</b> , with <u>shallow</u> <u>calcareous loam</u> - <b>A2</b> , <u>gradational loam on rock</u> - <b>C2</b> and <u>shallow</u> calcareous loam on calcrete - <b>B2</b>
KNC	0.3	Undulating pediment	A5D4	D	Undulating pediment plains formed on fine grained outwash. Slopes are 3-10%, relief is less than 9m.
		plains			Main soils: <u>rubbly calcareous loam on clay</u> - <b>A5</b> and <u>loam over</u> <u>pedaric red clay</u> - <b>D4</b> , with <u>gradational clay loam</u> - <b>C3</b> .
KQB	8.3	Pediments	A5	V	Complex of pediments formed on clayey outwash and 20-30%
		Low rises	A2	С	rises formed on fine grained rock.
KQC	1.1	Pediments	A5	V	<b>KQB</b> Gently undulating pediments. Slopes 1-3%, relief is < 9m.
		Low rises	A2	С	<b>KQC</b> Undulating pediments and rises. Slopes 3-10%, relief < 9m.
					Main soils.
					loam over pedaric red clay - <b>D4</b>
					Low rises: shallow calcareous loam - A2, with shallow calcareous
					loam on calcrete - <b>B2</b> and <u>rock outcrop</u> - <b>RR</b> .
KVB	0.5	Gently sloping	A6	D	Gently sloping plains formed on fine grained outwash. Slopes are
		plain			1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					Main soils: gradational calcareous clay loam - A6, with rubbly
					calcareous clay loam on clay - A5 and deep moderately
					<u>calcareous loam</u> - A3.
KXB	2.7	Pediment	C1	D	Pediments and creek flats formed on medium grained alluvium
KXC	0.3	Pediment	C1	D	WITH sandy loam solls.
KXG	7.9	Pediment	C1	D	<b>KXC</b> Undulating rediments with clopes of 2 10%
KXoo	2.9	Creek flat	C1	D	<b>KXC</b> Gently sloping pediments Moderately gullied (10-20%)
					Slopes are 1-3%.
					KXoo Creek flats. Severely gullied (>20%) and moderately
					scalded (10-50%).
					Main soils: gradational sandy loam - C1, with rubbly calcareous
					sandy loam on clay - A5 and deep moderately calcareous sandy
WED					<u>loam</u> - <b>A3</b> .
KZB	0.2	Gently	A5C1	D	Pediments formed on medium grained outwash.
		nediment			<b>KZB</b> Gently undulating pediments. Slopes 1-3%.
K7C	0.2	Undulating	A5C1	D	<b>KZC</b> Undulating pediments. Slopes 3-10%.
KLC	0.2	pediment	AJCI		aradational sandy loam - <b>C1</b> with deep moderately calcareous
					sandy loam - A3.
KcB	0.7	Gently	A5D4	D	Pediments formed on clayey outwash
		undulating	C1		KcB Gently sloping pediments. Slopes are 1-3%.
		pediment			KcC Undulating pediments. Slopes are 3-10%.
KcC	0.6	Undulating	A5D4	D	KcH Undulating pediments. Moderately gullied (10-20%). Slopes
		pediment	C1	ļ	are 3-10%.
KcH	0.4	Undulating	A5D4	D	Main soils: <u>rubbly calcareous clay loam on clay</u> - <b>A5</b> , <u>clay loam</u>
		pediment	C1		over pedaric red clay - D4 and gradational sandy loam - C1.
KdG	0.4	Gently	C3	D	Pediments and flats formed on clayey outwash. 10-20% gullied.
		undulating			KdG Gently undulating pediments. Slopes 1-3%.
17.1		peaiment	62		Kdo Creek flats. Moderately gullied (10-20%) and scalded (10-
Kdo	1.8	Creek flat	C3	טן	50%).
					red clay - <b>D4</b> and gradational calcareous clay loam - <b>C3</b> , with clay loam over pedaric red clay - <b>D4</b> and gradational calcareous clay loam - <b>A6</b> .





# PROPORTION codes assigned to Soil Landscape Unit (SLU) components:

- D Dominant in extent (>90% of SLU)
- V Very extensive in extent (60–90% of SLU)
- E Extensive in extent (30–60% of SLU)
- C Common in extent (20–30% of SLU)
- L Limited in extent (10–20% of SLU)
- 30–60% of SLU) M N
- M Minor in extent (<10% of SLU)

## **Detailed soil profile descriptions:**

- A2 <u>Shallow calcareous loam to sandy loam (Paralithic, Hypercalcic / Lithocalcic Calcarosol)</u> Calcareous stony loam to sandy loam grading to soft or rubbly carbonate over weathering dolomite or calc-siltstone within 50 cm.
- A3 <u>Deep moderately calcareous loam to sandy loam (Regolithic, Calcic Calcarosol)</u>
  Calcareous loam to sandy loam grading to a loamy to clayey subsoil without a significant carbonate accumulation in the subsoil, grading to medium to fine grained alluvium.
- A5 <u>Rubbly calcareous sandy loam to clay loam on clay (Regolithic, Supracalcic / Hypercalcic Calcarosol)</u> Calcareous sandy loam to clay loam grading to a very highly calcareous rubbly sandy clay loam to light clay, over a clayey substrate deeper than 60 cm, but within 120 cm.
- A6 <u>Gradational calcareous clay loam (Pedal, Hypercalcic / Supracalcic Calcarosol)</u> Calcareous clay loam grading to a well structured very highly calcareous (sometimes rubbly) clay, over a red clayey substrate within 120 cm.
- **B2** <u>Shallow calcareous loam to sandy loam on calcrete (Petrocalcic, Calcic / Lithocalcic Calcarosol)</u> Stony calcareous loam to sandy loam, often with a very highly calcareous more clayey subsoil, over sheet calcrete within 50 cm. This grades to rubbly carbonate over weathering basement rock within 150 cm.
- **C1** <u>Gradational sandy loam (Hypercalcic, Red Kandosol)</u> Friable sandy to loamy topsoil grading to massive red-brown alkaline loamy to clay loamy subsoil, highly calcareous with depth, over alluvium.
- C2 <u>Gradational loam on rock (Calcic / Hypercalcic Red Dermosol)</u> Loam grading to a friable red clay with soft Class I carbonate within 50 cm, grading to weathering rock within 100 cm.
- C3 <u>Gradational clay loam (Calcic / Hypercalcic Red Dermosol)</u> Friable clay loam grading to a friable red clay with abundant soft Class I carbonate within 50 cm, overlying alluvium within 100 cm.
- **D1** <u>Loam over clay on rock (Hypercalcic / Calcic, Red Chromosol)</u> Medium thickness hard gravelly loam over a friable and finely structured red clay, calcareous with depth, grading to weathering basement rock within 100 cm.
- D4 Loam to clay loam over red friable clay (Calcic, Pedaric, Red Sodosol) Thin to medium thickness loam to clay loam over a finely structured friable red clay, calcareous from about 50 cm, grading to fine or medium grained alluvium.
- L1a <u>Shallow stony loam (Paralithic, Leptic Tenosol)</u> Shallow stony loam, often calcareous with depth, over weathering fine grained rock shallower than 50 cm.
- **L1b** <u>Shallow stony loamy sand to sandy loam (Paralithic, Leptic Tenosol)</u> Shallow stony sandy loam, often calcareous with depth, over sandstone or quartzite shallower than 50 cm.
- **RR** <u>Rock outcrop</u>

Further information: DEWNR Soil and Land Program



