TIL Tilkilki Land System

Area:	318 km ²							
Landscape:	Pediments and valley floors between ranges. Soils are mostly calcareous and the landscape is moderately dissected with some severe erosion in places. Occasional hard rock rises with shallow soils protrude through the pediment slopes.							
Annual rainfall:	225 - 275 mm average range, but over 90% receives 250 - 275mm annual average							
Geology:	The land is largely underlain by Proterozoic Ag siltstones of the Adelaide Geosyncline, with pe colluvial/alluvial deposits of Pleistocene and H	ge Umberatana Group tillites, sandstones and ediments and plains covered by lolocene ages.						
Main soils:	A4 (21%) Deep (rubbly) calcareous loam D4 (19%) Loam over pedaric red clay	Hypercalcic-Lithocalcic Calcarosol						
		Pedaric Red Sodosol-Dermosol						
	A3 (15%) Deep moderately calcareous loam A2 (13%) Calcareous loam on rock	Calcic Calcarosol						
		Paralithic Calcarosol						
	M4 (12%) Deep hard gradational sandy loam	Hard Brown-Dark Kandosol- Dermosol						
Minor soils:	A5 (7%) Rubbly calcareous loam on clay L1 (4%) Shallow soil on rock	Supracalcic-Lithocalcic Calcarosol on clay Rocky Rudosol-Tenosol						
	C2 (4%) Gradational loam on rock	Shallow Red Dermosol-Kandosol-Calcarosol						
Summary:	The Tilkilki Land System consists of broad pediments and valley floors between ranges with occasional hard rock rises mainly Umberatana Group tillites, siltstones and sandstones. Soils are mostly gradational and calcareous, but pedaric red duplex soils are common. as are non calcareous gradational soils.							

Soil Landscape Unit summary: Tilkilki Land System (TIL)

SLU	% of area	Component	Main soils	Prop#	Notes
AAD	0.4	Steep peak	L1A2	D	Dissected, rocky, steep low hills on limestone and calc-siltstone with very shallow loamy soils. Relief is 30-90m, slopes are 30-50%.
					Main soils: <u>Shallow stony soils on rock</u> - L1 and <u>Calcareous loam</u> on rock – A2 .
ADA	1.2	Rise	A2L1	V	Non-arable rocky rises with thin soil cover formed on limestone
		Fan	A3M1	С	and calc-siltstone with very shallow loamy soils.
ADB	0.3	Rise	A2L1	D	 ADA Undulating rises with very shallow stony calcareous soils formed on Skillagollee Dolomite and calcareous fine-grained rock. Fans occur in association. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 3-10%. ADB Rolling rises and fans. Relief is 9-30m, slopes are 10-30%.
					Main soils:





					Rises: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 and <u>Shallow stony soils on</u> <u>rock</u> - L1 . Fans: <u>Deep moderately calcareous loam</u> - A3 and <u>Deep alluvial</u> loam - M1 .
AEA	0.2	Rise	L1	D	Non-arable rocky rises formed on mostly fine-grained rocks. Soils
AEB	0.8	Ridge	L1	D	are very shallow and more than 20% are petrocalcic (contain a calcrete layer).
					 AEA Gently sloping rises with mostly very shallow loam on fine grained rock or bare rock, not or slightly calcareous. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 1-3%. AEB Rolling rises. Relief is 9-30m, slopes are 10-30%.
					Main soils: <u>Shallow stony soils on rock</u> - L1.
AUA	0.5	Rise	L1A2	D	Non-arable, gently sloping rocky rises formed mainly on quartzite, but the soils are mostly calcareous. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 3-10%. Main soils: Shallow stony soils on rock - L1 and Calcareous loam
					<u>on rock</u> – A2 .
AYA	0.3	Rise	A2L1	D	Hills and rises on fine-grained rocks, especially siltstones of the
AYI	0.7	Rise	A2L1	D	Tapley Hill Formation.
AYM	1.1	Rise	A2L1	D	More than 20% of soils contain secondary carbonate.
ΑΥΤ	0.1	Rise	A2L1	D	 AYA Undulating rises. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 3-10%. AYI Rolling rises with eroded watercourses; 10-20% of land is gullied. Relief is 30-90m, slopes are 10-30%. AYM Undulating rises. Scalded. Relief is less than 30m, slopes are 3-10%. AYT Rolling rises with scree slopes. Relief is 9-30m, slopes are 10-30%.
					Main soils: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 and <u>Shallow stony soils</u> <u>on rock</u> - L1 .
AZB	1.7	Rise Fan	A2L1 M4C3	V C	Non-arable, bare, rocky rolling rises formed on Ulupa Siltstone Formation siltstones and shales. Pediments and outwash fans and
		Tan	WHCS		valley infill form in complex with the basement rises. 10-20% pediments with texture contrast loam over red clay. Watercourses are eroded, 10-20% of land on the pediments is gullied. Relief is 30-90m, slopes are 10-30%.
					Main soils: Rises: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 and <u>Shallow stony soils on</u> <u>rock</u> - L1 . Fans: <u>Gradational loamy sand</u> - M4 and <u>Friable gradational clay</u> <u>loam</u> - C3 .
EaV	0.4	Rise	A2A4	D	Gently undulating rises formed over basement rock / saprolite within one metre of the surface. Soils are not texture contrast and are calcareous in some part of the profile. Less than 90% of soils are Calcarosols. Most soils are formed on quartzites. Less than 20% are Chromosols or Dermosols. More than 20% are Dermosols or Sodosols on kaolinised rock. Ironstone gravels may be present. Moderately scalded (5-10%). Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 30m. Main soils: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 and <u>Deep (rubbly)</u> calcaroous candy loam - A4





EEV	0.3	Rise	A2	D	Gently undulating rises with mostly gradational calcareous soils, containing carbonate concretions or hard calcrete fragments. Moderately scalded. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 30m.
EFB	0.9	Rise	A2	D	Main soils: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 . Gently undulating rises with moderately shallow soils overlying hard calcareous rocks, typically siltstones and limestones. Minor scalding may be present. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 30m.
DGT		<u> </u>			Main soils: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 .
EGB	1.9	Rise Fan	A2 A3M4	C	Gently undulating rises and fans formed over basement rock / saprolite within one metre of the surface. Soils are not texture contrast and are calcareous in some part of the profile. 20-50% of soils are Calcarosols. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 30m.
					Main soils: Rises: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 . Fans: <u>Deep moderately calcareous loam</u> - A3 and <u>Gradational</u> <u>loamy sand</u> - M4 .
EHB	2.0	Rise	A2	E	Rises and fans on calcareous siltstones and limestones such as
FHC	22	ran Rise	A3IVI4 Δ2	F	Group.
		Fan	A3M4	E	 EHB Gently sloping rises and fans Slopes are 1-3%, relief is 9-30m. EHG Gently sloping rises and fans. Drainage lines are incised and gullying is common. Relief is 9-30m, slopes are 1-3%.
					Main soils: Rises: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 . Fans: <u>Deep moderately calcareous loam</u> - A3 and <u>Gradational</u> <u>loamy sand</u> - M4 .
EJB	0.1	Rise	A2A4	D	Gently undulating rises and fans formed over basement rock / saprolite within one metre of the surface. Soils are not texture contrast and are calcareous in some part of the profile. Less than 50% of soils are Calcarosols. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 30m.
					Main soils: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 and <u>Deep (rubbly)</u> <u>calcareous sandy loam</u> - A4 .
EVB	0.9	Rise	A2L1	D	Gently undulating rises with rock outcrops and shallow calcareous soils formed on fine-grained calcareous rocks. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 30m.
					Main soils: <u>Calcareous loam on rock</u> – A2 and Shallow stony soils on rock - L1 .
EZB	1.5	Rise	A2	V	Rises with mostly shallow calcareous soils on weathered siltstones
		Fan	A3A4	С	of the Tapley Hill Formation and the Tarcowie Siltstone. Fans are
EZH	0.3	Rise	A2	V	associated landforms.
EZV	0.4	Fan Pico	A3A4		EZB Gently undulating rises with rocky outcrops. Up to 5% of land
EZV	0.4	Fan	Α2 Δ3Δ4	v C	is gullied and/or scalded. Subsoils are moderately saline.
EZI	4.2	Rise	A2	E	Stopes are 1-570, relief is less than 5011. EZH Undulating rises with rocky outerons
		Fan	A3A4	E	Gullving affects 10-20% of land, scalding affects around 5%
EZm	1.8	Rise	A2	E	Slopes are 3-10%, relief is less than 30m.
		Fan	A3A4	E	EZI Gently undulating rises with rocky outcrops, severely scalded





				r	
					(40-50% of land affected) and gullied (20% of land affected).
					Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 30m.
					EZm Undulating rises with rocky outcrops.
					Gullying affects around 20% of land and scalding affects around
					15%.
					Slopes are 3-10%, relief is less than 30m.
					Main soils:
					Rises: Calcareous loam on rock – A2.
					Fans: Deep moderately calcareous loam - A3 and Deep (rubbly)
					calcareous sandy loam -A4.
JII	2.2	Fan	D4	D	Gently sloping alluvial fan with red texture-contrast soils.
					Gullying affects 5-50% of land. Scalding affects nearly 50% of land.
					Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
	10	<u> </u>	5.	_	Main soils: Loam over pedaric red clay - D4.
JLo	1.3	Drainage	D4	D	Plains and pediments with more than 20% pedaric, texture
		depression			contrast (loam over crumbly red clay) soils, but less than 20%
JLU	0.1	Flat	D4A3	D	calcareous gradational soils.
JLu	0.2	Flat	D4A3	D	JLo Creek flat. Moderately gullied (10-20%) and scalded (10-50%)
					Moderately saline subsoils.
					JLU Plains, Moderately scalded (10-50%). Subsoils are moderately
					saline.
					JLu Flat, severely scalded (>50%).
					Main coild: Clau loam over nederic red clay. D4 and Loam over
					Main solis. <u>Clay loan over pedanc red clay</u> - D4 and <u>Loan over</u>
					<u>pedanc red clay on rock</u> - D1, with minor occurrences of <u>Deep</u>
IMIT	1 5	Elat	D4D2	D	Dians with stany padarie rad taxture contrast soils with quartz
IMu	1.5	Flat			gravel on the surface
JIVIY	0.0	гіас	0405		graver on the surface.
					JMU Moderately scalded (5-10%) plains.
					JMy Severely scalded (0ver 50%) plains. Moderately saline.
					Main soils: quartz gravelly variants of Clay loam over pedaric red
					clay - D4 and Loam over poorly structured red clay - D3 .
JPE	1.1	Drainage	D4	D	Pediments and plains with texture contrast soils formed on
	-	depression			outwash sediments derived from basement rocks. Calcareous in
JPG	0.5	Fan	D4	D	some part of the profile. More than 20% of soils are pedaric (fine
JPk	0.3	Flat	D4	D	crumbly structure in subsoils).
JPo	1.5	Drainage	D4	D	
		depression		-	JPE Drainage depression.
JPp	0.6	Flat	D4	D	JPG Gently sloping fan. Moderately gullied, slightly saline and
JPnz	0.9	Flat	D4	D	scalded.
JPa	19	Fan	 D4	 D	Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
IPv	0.9	Fan	D4	D	JPK Plains. Moderately gullied (10-20%) and scalded (5-10%).
IPvv	17	Drainage	D4	D	JPO Creek flats. Moderately guilled (10-20%) and scalded (10-
51 y y	±./	depression			50%).
		acpression			Jrp Level plains. Severely scalded (over 50%).
					JFTZ Mains. Wioderately guilled (10-20%) and saline (saline
					throughout soil profiles), severely scalded (over 50%).
					Jrq Gentiy sloping plains. Severely scalded (over 50%).
					Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					JPV Gently sloping fan, moderately gullied (10-20%) and severely
					scalded (more than 50%). Subsoils are saline.
					Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m
					over 50%).
					Main coile. Clay loom over and drie and day. D4
					iviain solls: <u>Clay loam over pedaric red clay</u> - D4 .





TIL

17n	1 2	Elat	D4	D	Dediment becoment rock complex with gently clearing pediments
JZp	1.2	Fial	D4	D V	Pediment-basement rock complex with genus sloping pediments
JZq	1.4	Fan	D4	V	with red texture contrast soils and 20-30% rocky rises with shallow
17		Kise	A2		lexiure contrast solls.
JZyy	1.8	Drainage	D4	V	\mathbf{JZp} Flat or plain with over 50% affected by scalding.
		depression			\mathbf{JZq} Gently sloping fan and rocky rises, severely scalded (over
		Rise	A2	L	50%). Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					JZyy Drainage depression with rocky rises. Severely gullied (over
					20%) and scalded (over 50%).
					Main soils:
					Fans and plains: Clay loam over pedaric red clay - D4
					Pises: Calcareous Joam on rock – A2
KoP	55	Ean	A.4	D	East with mostly gradational calcaroous soils but with more than
Kell	2.2	Fall	A4		20% non calcaroous gradational soils (Kandosols)
КСП	2.5	Fall	A4		Z0% <u>Holi</u> -calcaleous gradational soils (Kalidosois).
KCI	1.4	Fan	A4	D	CD Genuy sloping rans.
KcV	2.2	Fan	A4	D	Siopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					KCH Undulating lans. Moderately guilled (10-20%).
					Slopes are $3-10\%$, relief is less than 9m.
					Kel Gently sloping plain with 10-20% land guilled and 5-10%
					Scalueu.
					Relief is less than 9m, slopes are 1-3%.
					Kcv Gently undulating pediment. Gullying affects up to 5% of
					land and scalding affects 5-10%.
					Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					Main soils: Deep (rubbly) calcareous sandy loam -A4.
KFB	4.5	Fan	A5A4	E	Pediments and plains with calcareous gradational soils and more than
		Rise	A2A4	E	20% red pedaric texture-contrast soils.
KFG	1.7	Fan	A5A4	V	KEP Conthy cloning for
	-	Rise	Δ2Δ4	C	KFB Genuy sloping ran.
KFO ₇	03	Fan	Δ5Δ4	D	Slopes are 1-5%, relief is less than 511.
KEV	1.8	Fan	Δ5Δ/	F	KFG Genuy undulating fait with 10-20% of faitu guilled and 0-5% is
IXI V	ч.0	Pico	A2A4	с с	Scalued. Subsolis are moderately saline.
VE	25	Fan	AZA4		Siopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
КГІ	2.5	Fdfi Diae	A3A4	V	KFQZ Gently sloping fan. Severely scalded(over 50%), moderately
17E	0.0	Rise	AZA4		Saine and guilled
KFV	0.6	Fan	A5A4	E -	Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
		Rise	A2A4	E	KFV Gently sloping fan. 5-10% scalded
					Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					KFI Gently sloping pediments as above. Moderately guilled (10-
					20%) and scalded (10-50%).
					Siopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					KI v Gently sloping fan. Moderately scalded (20-50%), gullied and
					saline. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					Main soils:
					Fans: Rubbly calcareous loam on clay - A5, Deep (rubbly)
					calcareous sandy loam -A4.
					Rises: Calcareous loam on rock – A2 and Deep (rubbly) calcareous
					sandy loam -A4.
KgV	0.3	Fan	A3M3	D	Gently undulating fans with over 50% gradational calcareous soils
-					of which most have more than 20% gravel or stone (non-
					pedogenic).
					Moderately scalded (10-50%). Slopes: 1-3%. relief is less than 9m.
					Main coile: Doon moderately colorecous locare and A D and
					Initian solis: Deep moderately calcareous loamy sand - As and
IZI D	6.2	F		N/	Deep gravelly soll - IVI 5.
KLB	6.2	Fan	A5A4	V	Fans and rises with clay loamy calcareous soils.
W. C	• •	KISE	AZA4		Subsolis are moderately saline.
KLC	0.1	Rise	A2	E	





			1	1	
		Fan	A5A4	E	KLB Gently undulating fans and rises. Subsoils have moderate
KLU	0.2	Flat	A5A4	D	salinity.
KLV	0.2	Fan	A5A4	D	Slopes are 1-3%, reliet is less than 9m. KLC Undulating rises and fans with 0-5% scalded and gullied land. Subsoils have moderate salinity. Slopes are 3-10%, relief is less than 9m. KLU Level plains with 5-10% scalding.
					KLV Gently undulating fans with $0-5\%$ gullying and $5-10\%$ scalding. Slopes are $1-3\%$, relief is less than 9m.
					Main soils:
					Fans: <u>Rubbly calcareous loam on clay</u> - A5 and <u>Deep (rubbly)</u>
					calcareous sandy loam -A4.
					sandy loam - A4
KOB	49	Fan	A4A5	V	Gently sloping fans and rises with calcareous soils occupying more
ROD	1.5	Rise	A4	C	than 80% of land. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					Main soils:
					Fans: Deep (rubbly) calcareous sandy loam -A4 and Rubbly
					<u>calcareous loam on clay</u> - A5. Bisos: Doop (rubbly) calcareous candy loam - A4
KOI 7	0.2	Rise	Δ <i>Δ</i>	D	Gently sloping pediment and basement-rise complexes with
RQLL	0.2	Nise	777	D	mostly calcareous gradational soils.
					High salinity throughout soils and 10-50% scalded.
					Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					Main soils: Deep (rubbly) calcareous sandy loam -A4.
KVA	0.9	Flat	A4A3	D	Pediments and plains formed on calcareous outwash sediments
KVB	0.5	Fan	A4A3	D	derived from basement rock. More than 90% of soils are
KVE	1.1	Flat	A4A3	D	calcareous throughout (Calcarosols).
KVU	0.3	Flat	A4A3	D	Moderately salme sons throughout.
куу	0.9	Drainage	A4A3	D	KVA Flats
		depression			KVB Genuy sloping plains. Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m. KVE Elats, moderately scalded (10-50%)
					KVU Level plains, moderately scalded (10-50%).
					KVy Drainage depression, severely scalded (over 50%) and
					moderately gullied (10-20%).
					Main soils: <u>Deep (rubbly) calcareous sandy loam</u> -A4 and <u>Deep</u> moderately calcareous loamy sand - A3.
KXB	3.5	Fan	M4A3	D	Fans and flats with non texture-contrast soils formed on outwash
KXF	3.4	Flat	M4A3	D	sediments, calcareous in some part of the profile. More than 50%
KXG	6.5	Fan	M4A3	D	are Tenosols, Kandosols or Rudosols. Less than 50% have more
KXU	0.7	Flat	M4A3	D	than 20% gravel or stone, excluding pedogenic carbonate.
					KXB Gently sloping pediments.
					KXF Flat. Moderately gullied (10-20%)
					KXG Gently sloping pediments. Moderately gullied (10-20%).
					Slopes are 1-3%, relief is less than 9m.
					KXU Flat, Moderately scalded (5-10%).
					Main soils: Gradational loamy sand - M4 and Deep moderately
					<u>calcareous loamy sand</u> - A3.

PROPORTION codes assigned to Soil Landscape Unit (SLU) components:

- D Dominant in extent (>90% of SLU)
- V Very extensive in extent (60–90% of SLU)
- E Extensive in extent (30–60% of SLU)

- C Common in extent (20–30% of SLU)
- L Limited in extent (10–20% of SLU)
- M Minor in extent (<10% of SLU)





Detailed soil profile descriptions:

- A2/L1 Shallow calcareous loam (Paralithic, Hypercalcic / Lithocalcic Calcarosol)(A2)
 Gradational calcareous sandy loam over clay loam on weathered rock.
 OR Shallow stony loam (Calcareous, Paralithic, Leptic Tenosol)(L1)
 Shallow calcareous sandy loam on rock.
- A3 Deep moderately calcareous (sandy) loam (Calcic Calcarosol) Calcareous (sandy) loam topsoil grading into loamy-clay loamy subsoil without a significant CO₃ buildup in the subsoil (<20% CO₃ in subsoil). Pediment type Calcarosols.
- A4 Deep (rubbly) calcareous loam (Hypercalcic-Lithocalcic Calcarosol) Calcareous sandy-clay loamy topsoil grading into loamy-clay loamy subsoil with a significant CO₃ buildup in the subsoil. Often rubbly. Soil usually >120 cm in depth
- A5 <u>Rubbly calcareous loamy sand on clay (Supracalcic-Lithocalcic Calcarosol on clay)</u> Calcareous loamy sand topsoil grading into loamy-clay loamy subsoil on a clayey substrate. Usually rubbly. Clayey substrate occurs at >60 cm and <120 cm.
- C3 <u>Gradational clay loam (Calcic / Hypercalcic Red Dermosol)</u> Loam to clay loam grading to a friable red clay with soft Class I carbonate within 50 cm, grading to alluvium within 100 cm.
- D3 Loam over poorly structured red clay (Calcic-Hypercalcic Red Sodosol-Chromosol) Topsoil <30 cm over poorly structured subsoil. Hard-setting loamy to clay loamy texture-contrast soil with a prismatic/poorly structured red alkaline clayey subsoil. Often with a thin topsoil. Can have slightly to moderately calcareous surface soil.
- D4 Loam over red friable clay (Calcic, Pedaric, Red Sodosol) Thin to medium thickness fine sandy loam to loam over a finely structured friable red clay, calcareous from about 50 cm, grading to fine or medium grained alluvium.
- L1 <u>Shallow stony loam (Paralithic, Leptic Tenosol)</u> Shallow stony loam, often calcareous throughout or with depth, overlying weathering rock shallower than 50 cm.
- M1Alluvial loam (Orthic Tenosol)Very thick loam with variable gritty or more-clayey lenses, formed over recent alluvium.
- M3Deep gravelly soil (Gravelly Kandosol-Tenosol)Deep uniform loamy alluvial soils with at least 50% gravel in the major part of the profile.
- M4 <u>Gradational loamy sand (Hypocalcic, Red / Brown Kandosol)</u> Medium to thick massive (often powdery) loamy sand to sandy loam grading to a red or brown sandy clay loam becoming more clayey and weakly calcareous with depth.

Further information: DEWNR Soil and Land Program



