2014 Regional Snapshot

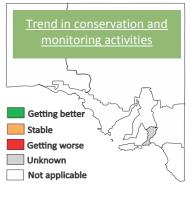
Are activities being undertaken to conserve our threatened ecological communities?

The survival and health of South Australia's native plants, animals and ecosystems are crucial to our social and economic well being. This is particularly the case for our ecological communities, which are groups of plants and animals that interact in unique habitats.

Unfortunately, there are 5 ecological communities in Adelaide and Mount Lofty Ranges NRM region that are nationally threatened with extinction due to the legacy of past actions combined with new and ongoing threats. Two of these communities have been nationally listed as threatened with extinction in recent years.

Acting to conserve threatened ecological communities helps to preserve the ecosystems we all rely on. Threatened ecological communities require targeted conservation activities such as habitat restoration and protection, and the control of threats such as weeds, pests, inappropriate fire regimes and grazing practices. Improvements to land and water-use practices are also required. Monitoring programs are used to ensure our conservation activities are effective.







State target:

Improve the management of species and ecological communities

Trend Unknown

This is the first time this information has been collated. A trend will be available in future versions of this report.

Natural resource managers prioritise conservation activities for threatened ecological communities based on many factors, including the risk of extinction, the feasibility of preventing extinction and funding availability. To get the best outcomes from our conservation activities, natural resource managers control threats and make improvements that will benefit multiple plants and animals in these unique habitats.

Improving the prospects of our threatened ecological communities is difficult. It will take substantial effort and conservation investments over many years to prevent extinction.

Where we are at (2013)	Fair	More conservation activities and monitoring are required	
Natural resource managers undertake conservation activities and monitoring in all 5 threatened communities in the Adelaide and Mount Lofty Ranges NRM region (see graph on right). Changes in the extent have not been recorded for any of the ecological communities since they were categorised as threatened.		Conservation (C) and monitoring (M) activities in threatened ecological communities - Adelaide and Mount Lofty Ranges NRM region	Activities undertaken No activities undertaken
		Threatened ecological community C M	Percentage of remaining SA extent that occurs in NRM region
		Swamps of the Fleurieu Peninsula	73
		Grey box grassy woodlands	43
		Subtropical and temperate coastal saltmarsh	7
		Peppermint box grassy woodland	7
		Iron-grass temperate grasslands	<1
Polichility of information		Evcellent	
Reliability of information		Excellent	

Further information:

Technical information for this report

Department of the Environment - threatened species and ecological communities

