

2014 Regional Snapshot

What is the ecological condition of our rivers, streams and drains?

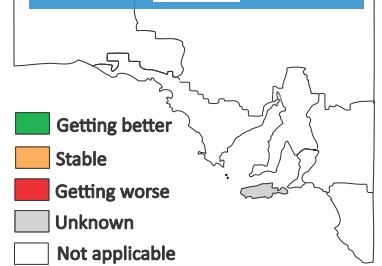
Our rivers and streams provide water for agriculture and domestic use, habitats for native plants and animals, places for recreation and are culturally important for Aboriginal people.

Aquatic plants and animals function together as ecological communities and improve water quality in rivers, streams and drains. These ecosystems are impacted by nutrients, sediments and pollutants in agricultural runoff and wastewater discharges. Feral and domestic animals, which graze and trample vegetation, and reductions in flow, due to dams, weirs, droughts, [consumptive use](#) and weeds, also impact rivers, stream and drains.

In 2008 and 2013, the Environment Protection Authority assessed the condition of rivers and streams in the Kangaroo Island NRM region based on water quality and the condition of invertebrate and plant communities. Assessments have been made at 33 sites, across the Kangaroo Island catchment. This report card summarises the information by catchment basins.



Trends in the ecological condition of rivers and streams



State target

Improve the condition of terrestrial aquatic ecosystems

Trend (2008–13)

Unknown

River and stream condition was assessed in 2008 and 2013. A trend will be available in future versions of this report card.

Because most sites have only been assessed once, recent trends in river and stream condition are not known (see map above). Future monitoring will determine trends in condition of our rivers and streams.

The Government of South Australia and the regional NRM board are investing in on ground works to improve the condition of rivers and streams to improve water quality and the condition of invertebrate and plant communities. Management efforts focus on controlling feral animals and weeds, fencing stream edges, working with land holders to reduce nutrient and sediment runoff and, where possible, restoring more natural flows.

Where we are at (2013)

Fair

Substantial investments are required over many years to improve water quality, and the condition of aquatic invertebrate and plant communities

Across the Kangaroo Island NRM region, our rivers and streams are in fair condition (map on right).

Rivers and streams that are in poor condition typically have elevated levels of nutrients, salt and fine sediment as well as sparse vegetation and abundant weeds along their banks.

The rivers and streams that are in fair condition have elevated levels of nutrients, but are distinguished by the presence of several rare, sensitive, and flow-dependent macroinvertebrates.

Our use of aquatic environments for economic and recreation purposes has affected their condition to an extent that threatens the features that make them so attractive and valuable. Water diversions and other impacts are at critical levels, and are intensified by periods of drought. It is crucial that we take steps to improve the condition of our rivers and streams.



Reliability of information



Very Good

Further information:

[Technical information for this report](#) and [EPA Aquatic Ecosystems Water Quality reports](#)